



Dr. Aparna S. Pasarkar

CITATION ANALYSIS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES

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Citation Analysis of PH.D Thesis Awarded in Social Sciences Submitted to Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded

Dr. Aparna Pasarkar*

ABSTRACT

The current study examines the utilization of a pattern of literature as revealed through the citation analysis of doctorate theses submitted to the dept. of in Social Sciences, Sant Gadge Baba University, Amravati. The study analysis the authorship pattern, the geographic distribution of articles, year-wise distribution of publications, and identifying the foremost cited reference sources of data consulted by research experts. The citation analysis of the Ph.D. Thesis in Social Sciences awarded by Sant Gadge Baba University, Amravati with the assistance of the statistical analysis of the distribution supported various criteria from the collected data, the results; interpretations are analyzed with the assistance of the mean difference and variance, tables, and maps. We've collected 100 Thesis for Social Sciences from Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada, Nanded from that data we collected 9986 citations.

Keywords: Citation Analysis, Ranking of Journals, Cited Authors, Authorship Pattern, Bibliographic form.

INTRODUCTION

Citation analysis is one of the most popular methods employed by recent research scholars using citations. The identification of core literature and the complex relationship between citing and pieces of literature and documents for particular scientific methods of that community. Citation analysis is a whole of the purpose of the document citations researchers in the domain of knowledge and research centers. The study of citations is to discover the use of pattern authorship as revealed through the citation analysis of the doctoral thesis submitted to Sant Gadge Baba University, Amravati. The scholars have been investigated and the abundance of documents being published and contributed to the immense escalation of the cost for the research centers, as the acquisition of the published articles to the increasingly difficult works or tasks. It is necessary for the librarians to know the subjective document used by the scholars for to giving of information is not only increasing but the growth rate is also different from one subject to another. The multidisciplinary of the journals, the constraints of limited financial sources, and the ever been increased too need of the user's community necessitated the research centers for the librarians, to developing of information resources and services to meet the documents. Citation analysis of the Ph. D. Thesis in Social Sciences awarded by Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded. With the help of the statistical analysis of the distribution based

^{*}E-mail: aparnapasarkar1977@gmail.com

In this table, there are 9986 numbers of citations referred in the research works from the various types of documents and their Ranks. There are 27 serial numbers i.e. 27 types of cited documents from which these citations have been referred. This has been taken as 100% percentage. These 27 types of cited documents have been given 26 Ranks for the detailed study. The highest numbers of citations are of the Books which is given Rank No. 01. The total number is 5071 and the percentage of this is 50.78%. The second highest numbers of citations referred are of the Journals. The Rank 02 is given to this type of Cited Documents and the total numbers of citations from Journals are 2501 and the percentage of this type is 25.04%. The third highest numbers of citations are from Websites and the Rank 03 is given to Websites. The total numbers of citations from Rank 03 are 624 and the percentage is 6.25%. The citations are also referred from Reports (477), Newspapers (369), Thesis (360) and Research Papers (151). The lowest numbers of citations are from Summary and this type of citations is given Rank 26. The total number of citations from this type is only 01. From Encyclopedia (Rank 08), the total numbers of citations are 80and the percentage is 0.08%. The total numbers of citations more than 30 citations are from Handbooks (Total 67 & Rank 09), Govt. Published documents (Total 57 and Rank 10), Periodicals (Total 40 and Rank 11), Articles (Total 37 and Rank 12), Review & Prospectus (Total 31 and Rank 13), Manual (Total 28 and Rank 14), Dissertation (Total 27 and Rank 15), Gazetteer (Total 23 and Rank 16), Conference (Total 21 and Rank 17), Case Study (Total 16 and Rank 18), Proceeding(Total 15 and Rank 19), Library Annual Report& Forum (Total 14 and Rank 20), Datasheet(Total 12 and Rank 21), Special Issue (Total 08 and Rank 22), Seminar, Survey, Summary (Total 04 and Rank 23) etc.

CONCULSION

In this article an effort has been made to data analyzing the bibliographic details with types of documents theses submitted in Sant Gadge Baba University, Amravati it is suggested this university has to improve the information infrastructure and facilities and motivating of the research scholars to produce more numbers of articles infamous and UGC care listed journals and also to encourage them to submit their theses by completing the research work.

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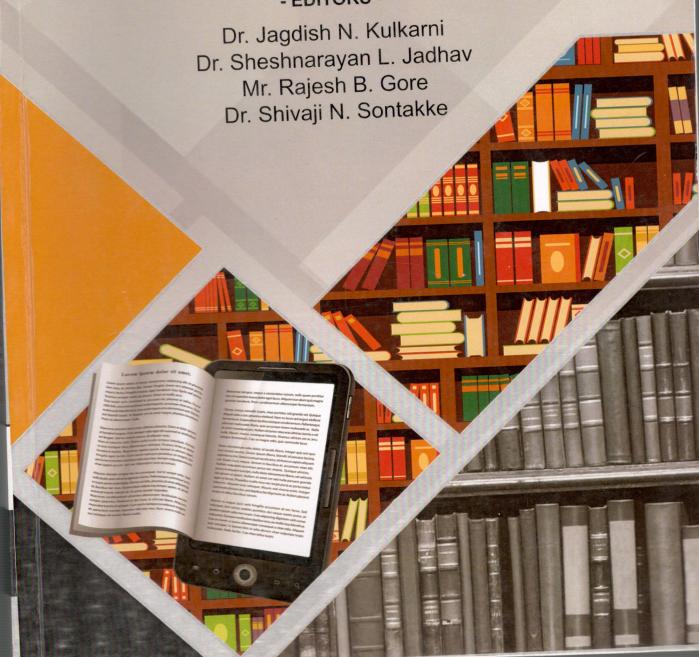
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कोव्हीड शैक्षणिक व ग्रंथालयीन क्षेत्रावरील प्रभाव

डॉ. पसारकर अपर्णा श्रीकांत

ग्रंथपाल, दयानंद कला वरिष्ठ महाविद्यालय, लातूर

कोव्हीड -१९ या विषाणूजन्य महामारीने आज संपूर्ण जगात थैमान घालून जगातील २१० देशांना ग्रासले आहे. त्यातून जागतिक अर्थव्यवस्थेलाच नव्हे तर अर्थव्यवस्थेतील सर्वच क्षेत्रांना ढवळून काढले आहे. जागतिक अर्थव्यवस्थेचा वृध्दीदर बऱ्यापैकी मंदावला आहे. प्रतिबंधात्मक उपाय म्हणून जगातील सर्वच देशांनी आपआपल्या अर्थव्यवस्था पूर्णपणे टाळेबंद केल्या. त्यामुळे जागतिक स्तरावर सर्वच आर्थिक क्रिया एकदम बंद झाल्या. शेती क्षेत्र सोडल्यास बाकीच्या सर्वच क्षेत्रांना कारोना (कोव्हीड -१९) चा प्रचंड मोठा फटका बसला. उद्योग, व्यापार, वाहतूक - दळणवळण आणि सेवाक्षेत्र यातील सर्वच आर्थिक क्रिया जवळपास तीन महिने एकतर बंद होत्या किंवा अतिशय मंद होत्या. बँकिंग, विमा, वाणिज्य, व्यापार, बॉलीवूड, हॉलीवूड, करमणूक उद्योग, सल्लागार सेवा केंद्र ही सर्व क्षेत्र व या क्षेत्राशी निगडीत लोक कोव्हीड- १९ मुळे भरडून निघाले. या सर्व क्षेत्रातील एकतर रोजगार कमी झाला. गुंतवणूक व भांडवल निर्मिती या प्रक्रिया बंद पडल्या, त्यामुळे कर्ज वाटप, कर्ज वितरण व कर्ज वसूली या प्रक्रिया बंद पडल्याने बँकिंग क्षेत्रात चिंता वाढली. विमा क्षेत्राला व्यवसायवृध्दीमध्ये बऱ्याच अडचणी निर्माण झाल्या. तात्पर्य कोणत्याही देशाची अर्थव्यवस्था व त्या अर्थव्यवस्थेतील सर्व क्षेत्र कोव्हीड १९ मुळे ढवळून निघाले. औद्योगिक, सामाजिक, आर्थिक, सांस्कृतिक या क्षेत्रावर नकारात्मक परिणाम झाले. शिक्षण क्षेत्रही त्याला अपवाद राहिले नाही. शैक्षणिक क्षेत्रातही मोठी स्थैतिक अवस्था आली. विद्यार्थी, शिक्षक, शिक्षणसंस्था, विद्यापीठ व विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोग, मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय या सर्वांवर कोव्हीड -१९ मुळे प्रचंड अडचणी निर्माण झाल्या. शैक्षणिक उपक्रम व कार्यक्रम, परीक्षा, निकाल, प्रवेश त्यातून होणारे विद्यार्थ्यांचे नुकसान याचा विचार करून तसेच शैक्षणिक क्षेत्र हे सामाजिक अंतर न पाळण्याचे ठिकाण असल्याने ते बंद ठेवणे अगत्याचे होते. विद्यार्थ्यांच्या मानसिक आरोग्यावर त्याचा परिणाम झाला, परीक्षा होणार का नाही आमच्यावर कोव्हीड-१९ ची बॅच म्हणून धब्बा बसणार नाही ना ? अशी विद्यार्थ्यांना भीति वाटत आहे. परीक्षा न घेता पुढील वर्गात प्रवेश देण्याच्या पध्दतीमुळे व मागील सत्राच्या गुणावरून सरासरी काढून अंतिम सत्राचे मार्क देण्याच्या पध्दतीमुळे किंवा ह्या प्रकारच्या येणाऱ्या बातम्यामुळे गुणवत्ताधारक विद्यार्थ्यांचे मानसिक स्वास्थ्य विचलीत झाले. शैक्षणिक क्षेत्राला आलेला राजकीय रंग यामुळे शैक्षणिक क्षेत्रातील सर्वच घटक भरडून निघाले. यातच सर्व विद्यार्थीचे ज्ञान प्राप्तीचे ठिकाण म्हणजे ग्रंथालय होय, यावर देखील सर्वाधिक परिणाम कोव्हीड -१९ चा ७ झाला असल्याचे दिसून येते. प्रस्तूत शोध निबंधात कोव्हीड- १९ चा शैक्षणिक व ग्रंथालयीन क्षेत्रावर झालेला सर्वकश परिणाम याचा संशोधनात्मक आढावा घेण्याचा प्रयत्न करण्यात आलेला आहे.

उद्दिष्टये (Objectives of Study):

- कोव्हीड १९ मुळे निर्माण झालेल्या शैक्षणिक स्थितीचा आढावा घेणे. २. विद्यार्थी व शिक्षक यांच्यावर लॉकडाऊनमुळे निर्माण झालेल्या परिस्थितीच्या परिणामांचा अभ्यास करणे.
- ३. पारंपरिक शिक्षण पध्दतीला पर्यायी अध्ययन पध्दती सुचवणे.
- ४. विद्यार्थी क्रियाशील राहण्याच्या दृष्टीने नवीन शैक्षणिक व ग्रंथालयीन उपक्रम सुचविणे.
- कोव्हीड- १९ मुळे शिक्षणक्षेत्र व ग्रंथालयावर झालेल्या एकंदरीत परिणामाचा आढावा घेणे व त्यावर उपाय सुचवणे.

गृहितके (Hypothesis)

- १. कोव्हीड- १९ मुळे शैक्षणिक क्षेत्रात गोधंळाची स्थिति निर्माण झाली आहे.
- २. ग्रंथ वाचन नसल्यामुळे विद्यार्थ्यांच्या मानसिक स्वास्थावर नकारात्मक परिणाम झाला आहे.
- ३. ऑनलाईन शिक्षण पध्दती व ई बुक रूजविण्यासाठी सामाजिक व आर्थिक स्थिति प्रतिकूल आहे.

संशोध

प्रस्तूत ठिकाणी गर

साम्ग्रीचा व

ल्ह करण्यात

आले. त्या

मीसा घेण्य

सर्वे प्रवेश ।

मीक्षा घेण

करणे, नि

बू.बी.सी

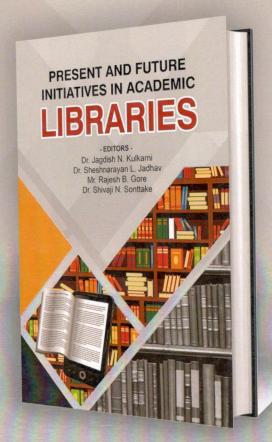
- ४. ऑनलाईन शिक्षण पध्दतीत ग्रंथालयात इलेक्ट्रॉनिक साधनातील स्क्रीनमुळे किंवा वाचनामुळे विद्यार्थ्यांच्या आरोग्यावर विपरीत परिणाम होतो.
- ५. कोव्हीड- १९ च्या प्रादूर्भावाने सर्वांत जास्त झळ बसलेले क्षेत्र हे शिक्षण व ग्रंथालय क्षेत्र असल्याने या क्षेत्राच्या अडचणी दूर करण्याकडे सरकारने जाणीवपूर्वक लक्ष देणे आवश्यक आहे.

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